भारतीय खाद्य निगम के वरिष्ठ क्षेत्रीय प्रबंधक, राज्य सरकार की ओर से निदेशक, खाद्य और नागरिक आपूर्ति अथवा उनका प्रतिनिधि और संयुक्त प्रबंधक (लेखा), भारतीय खाद्य निगम शामिल होते हैं।

(घ) निविदा आमंत्रित करके गेहूं बेचने के परिणामस्वरूप कुछ खरीदारों का एकाधिकार हो सकता है। व्यावहारिक तथ्यों के आधार पर सरकार ने निर्णय लिया है कि गेहूं की खुली बिक्री निर्धारित दरों पर की जाए।

विवरण

गेहूं की खुली बिक्री के 18.9.1996 से 4.2.1997 से प्रभावी मूल्य बताने वाली तुलनात्मक सूची

(रुपये/टन)

क्रम सं.	केन्द्र का नाम	निम्न तारीख से प्रभावी गेहूं के मूल्य 4.2.97	
1.	गुजाहाटी	5538	7500
2.	मुम्बई	5430	7400
3.	नागपुर	5355	7400
4.	इंदौर	5275	7200
5.	ग्वालियर	5103	6000
6.	रायपुर	5416	7400
7.	अहमदाबाद	5357	7300
8.	सूरत	5366	7300
9.	कटक	5493	7400
10.	भुवनेश्वर	5499	7400
11.	पटना	5313	6500
12.	रांची	5406	7000
13.	कलकत्ता	5441	7400
14.	सिलीगुड़ी	5460	7400
15.	दिल्ली	4900	5000
16.	चंडीगढ़	4900	4900
17.	लखनऊ	5150	5400
18.	कानपुर	5160	5400
19.	वाराणसी	5244	6000
20.	बरेली	4900	5000
21.	मद्रास	5584	7800
22.	कोयम्बतूर	5653	7800
23.	मदुरै	5683	7800
24.	कोचीन	5684	7900
25.	त्रिवेन्द्रम	5715	7900
26.	हैदराबाद	5492	7500
27.	विशाखापतनम	5573	7500
28.	बंगलौर	5630	7700
29.	मैसूर	5649	7700
30.	बेलगाम	5548	7700
31.	जयपुर	5115	5200
32.	शिमला	5031	5031
33.	जम्मू	5005	5200
34.	श्रीनगर	5005	5300

यदि अन्य केन्द्रों के डिपुओं पर खुली बिक्री की जाती है तो निकटतम प्रमुख केन्द्र के लिए निर्धारित दरें लागू होंगी।

Third Partnership Summit

944. SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:
SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR:
SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the precise outcome of the Third Partnership Summit organised by the Confederation of Indian Industry, in January 1997 at Calcutta, in terms of securing foreign direct investments in core sectors and infrastructure; and

(b) the specific steps taken since then to eliminate middlemen, minimise procedural delays and bringing about transparency in matters of investment in different sectors of economy, as indicated by the Prime Minister while inaugurating the said Summit?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN): (a) The Partnership Summit organised by CII at Calcutta from January 9—11, 1997 was of exploratory nature

and provided an opportunity to have close interaction between industry representative of India & Britain. During the Summit, a number of agreements for cooperation between the companies of two countries were signed and announcements to that effect made. There is an inherent time lag between the impact of such investment meets and actual flow of FDI.

(b) The foreign direct investment policy is constantly reviewed with the objective of making it simple and investor friendly. The Government, with this objective in view, have recently announced a set of guidelines for consideration of FDI proposals by FIPB and expansion of list of certain industries for automatic approval.

Guidelines for the Disinvestment Commission

945. SHRI ASHOK MITRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether any guidelines have been laid down for the Disinvestment Commission in the conduct of its activities;

(b) whether the Commission has evolved a set of criteria on the basis of which it will take decisions; and

(c) the number of cases referred to the Commission for examining the feasibility of disinvestment?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN): (a) to (c) The Disinvestment Commission constituted vide Resolution dated 23.8.1996 is to conduct its activities within its terms of reference and the criteria evolved by the Commission to take decision would have to be within these terms of references. So far, 40 public sector enterprises have been referred to the Disinvestment Commission.

Industrial belt in Sultanpur district of Uttar Pradesh

946. SHRIMATI MALTI SHARMA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have identified a huge patch of wasteland at Kurebhar in Sultanpur district of Uttar Pradesh to be promoted as industrial belt;

(b) by when the above land is likely to be acquired developed, and promoted as an industrial belt which is otherwise one of the most backward block of the district in comparison to Amethi or Jagdishpur;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN): (a) No, Sir, Ministry of Industry has not identified any huge patch of wasteland at Kurebhar in Sultanpur district of Uttar Pradesh to be promoted as industrial belt.

(b) to (d) Does not arise.

Financial performance of Hindustan Cables Ltd.

947. SHRI DIPANKAR MUKHERJEE:
SHRI NILOTPAL BASU:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the Unit-wise financial performance of Hindustan Cables Limited in Rupnarainpur, Hyderabad and Naini during 1994-95, 1995-96, 1996-97 (Provisional);

(b) whether any capital restructuring/revival proposal has been put up for Government's approval;

(c) if so, the present status of the same;

(d) the annual expenditure on its corporate office in Calcutta; and

(e) whether there is any proposal to relocate it back in Rupnarainpur?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN): (a) The Unit-wise production, Sales and Profit/(Loss) during the year 1994-95, 1995-96 and 1996-97 (Provisional till January, 1997) are furnished below:—

(Rs. in crores)

	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97 (Prov. upto Jan'97)
Rupnarainpur Unit			
Sales	244.72	96.36	52.27
Profit/(Loss)	+1.54	-(49.33)	-(66.89)
Hyderabad Unit			
Sales	245.14	138.61	194.04
Profit/(Loss)	+7.94	-(18.72)	-(17.58)
Naini Unit			
Sales	56.03	40.88	10.98
Profit/(Loss)	+1.45	-(19.42)	-(23.45)